

The Kentucky's Perinatal Quality Collaborative (KyPQC) Implementation Process of the KyPQC's First Initiatives and AIM Patient Safety Bundle to Address Substance Use Disorder in Kentucky

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Introduction

Kentucky, among many other states, faces a significant substance use disorder (SUD) problem which has resulted in an increase in the number of babies born with Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome or NAS.¹ The Maternal Mortality Review Committee (MMRC), created in 2017 as a result of legislation, found that a substance use contributing factor was the number one cause of maternal death in Kentucky for 2017, 2018, and 2019.²* These data reveal that SUD in the perinatal setting is a major public health concern in Kentucky and efforts need to come together to combat this crisis.

Kentucky was selected to participate in the 2018 Association of State and Territorial Health Officials (ASTHO) – Opioid Use Disorder, Maternal Outcomes, and NAS Initiative, known as the OMNI Learning Community. The overarching goal of Kentucky's OMNI Action Plan was to develop a statewide Perinatal Quality Collaborative (PQC). In 2019, the Kentucky Department for Public Health received Overdose Data to Action (OD2A) funding to enhance provider and health support system activities. These funds were applied to develop the Kentucky Perinatal Quality Collaborative (KyPQC) and support future work. The KyPQC officially launched in October 2019.

In February of 2021 Kentucky became an Alliance for Innovation on Maternal Health (AIM) State. This provided the opportunity to align the KyPQC First Initiatives with the Care for Pregnant and Postpartum People with Substance Use Disorder Patient Safety Bundle.

*Maternal death is defined as any female between the ages of 15-55 that was pregnant within one year prior to death or pregnant at death and died from any cause.

Pilot Hospitals Implementing KyPQC First Initiatives

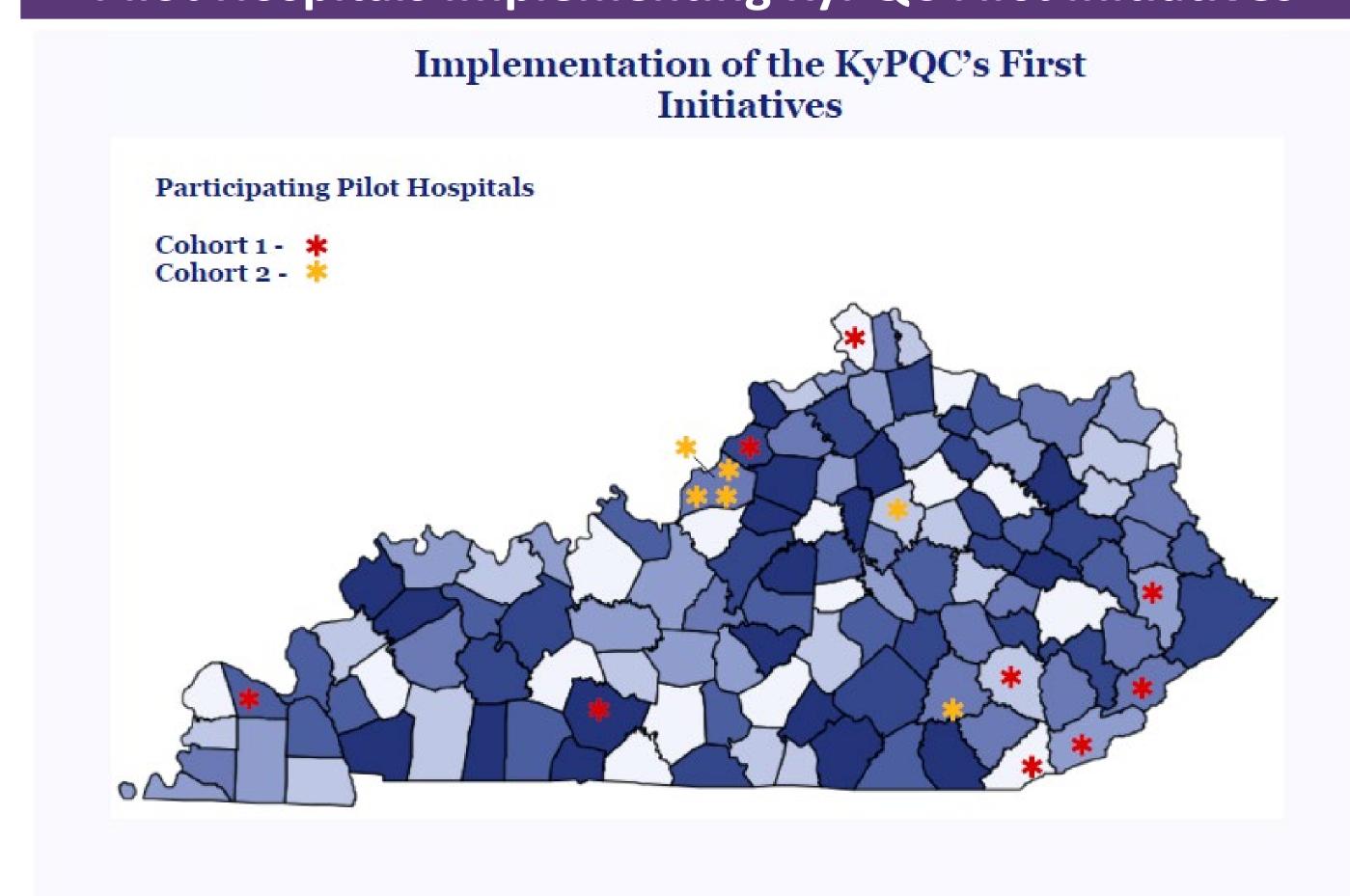
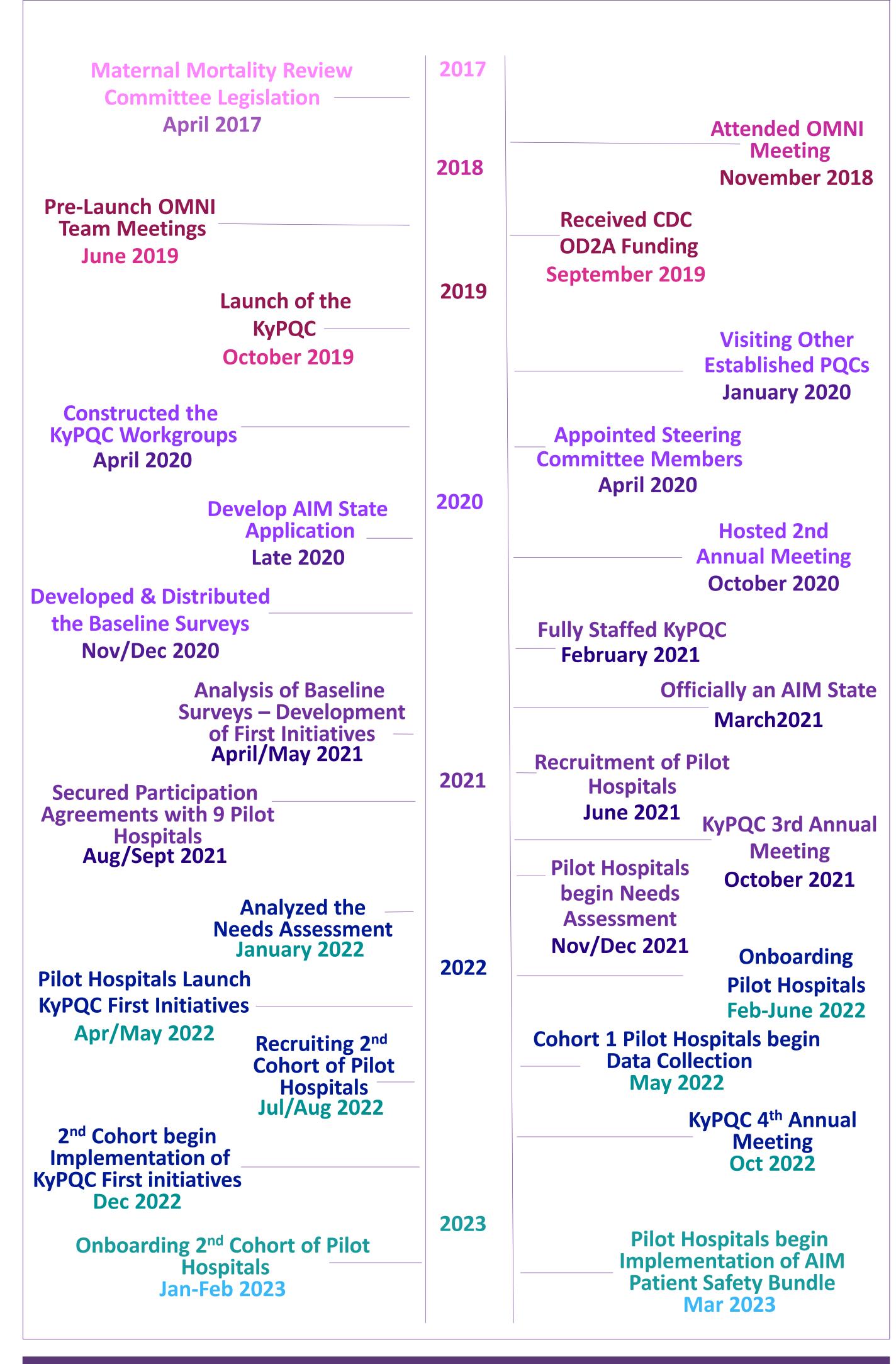


Figure 1: A map of Kentucky that displays the locations of the KyPQC's Pilot Hospitals that have implemented the KyPQC's First Initiatives. These locations were selected based on data collected by the KyPQC and the Office of Data Analytics.

KyPQC Accomplishments and Future Goals



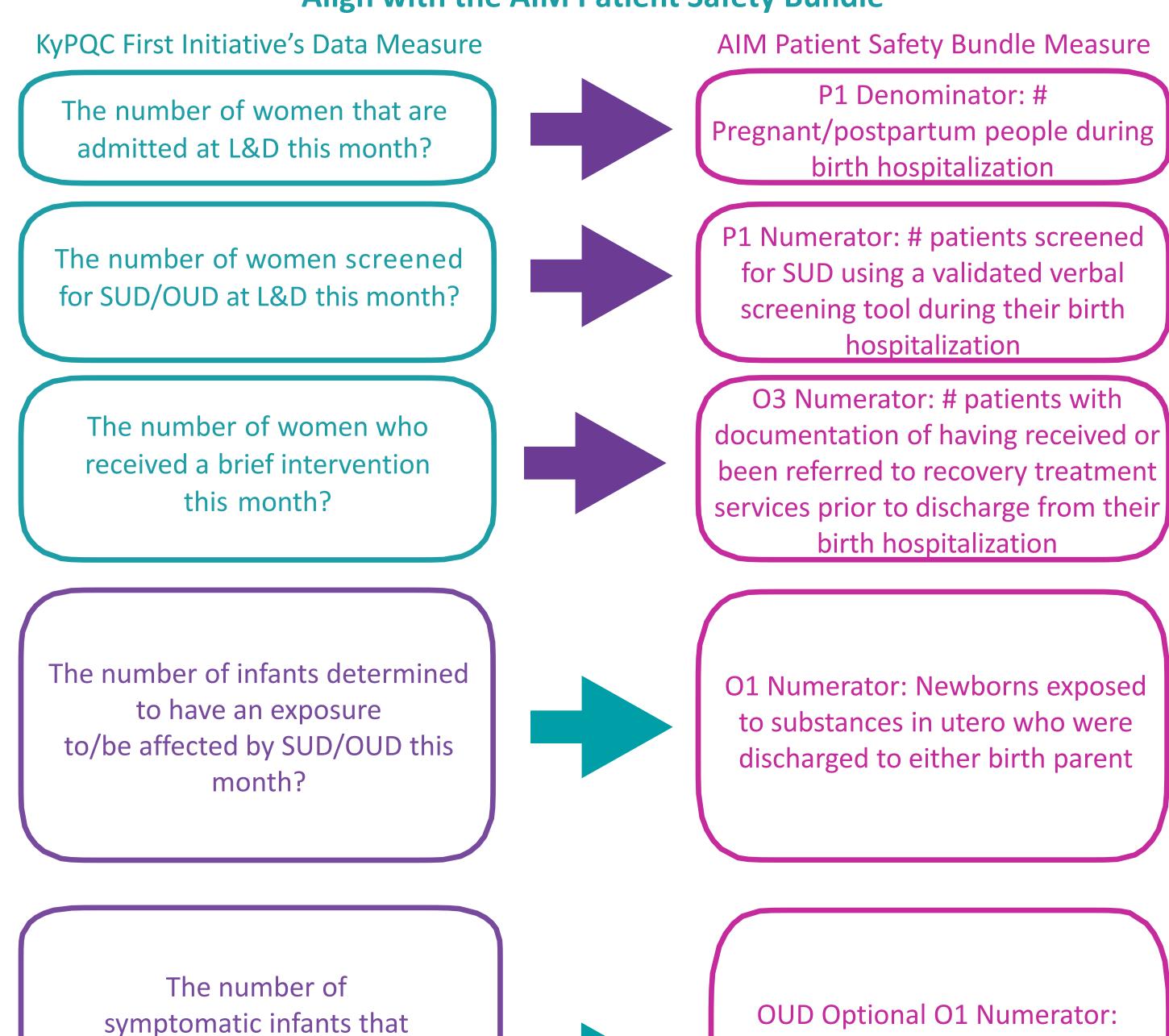
Acknowledgements

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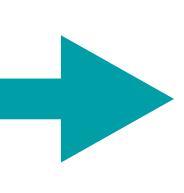
Conclusions & Impact

After identifying pilots, KyPQC was able to recruit nine birthing hospitals to implement the KyPQC First Initiatives. These pilots were chosen for their differences in geographic location, resources, and responses to the baseline surveys conducted in late 2020. The KyPQC Central Office and workgroup members ensured that the First Initiative measures aligned with five of the AIM SUD Patient Safety Bundle measures to prepare pilots for AIM bundle implementation.³ Implementation of the AIM Patient Safety Bundle will begin in March 2023. The desired outcome for the OB initiative is to have a 100% increase in the percentage of 1st cohort pilot hospitals utilizing a SUD validated screening tool for patients who are admitted to Labor and Delivery (L&D) by September 2022. While the desired outcome for the Neo initiative is to decrease the percentage of 1st cohort pilot hospitals with no NAS case reports or underreporting to zero by September 2022.

KyPQC Data Measures for the OB and Neo Initiatives that Align with the AIM Patient Safety Bundle



required medication for treatment this month?



OUD Optional O1 Numerator:
Newborns exposed to substances
in utero requiring
pharamacologic therapy

Contact

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 2. Division of Maternal and Child Health (Ed.). (2020). (rep.). Maternal Mortality Review 2020 Annual Report (pp. 1–12). Frankfort, KY: Kentucky Department for Public Health.
- 3. (n.d.). Care for Pregnant and Postpartum People with Substance Use Disorder Patient Safety Bundle: Core Data Collection Plan. Retrieved September 2, 2022, from https://saferbirth.org/wp-content/uploads/CPPSUD_DCP_Final_V1_2022.pdf.



